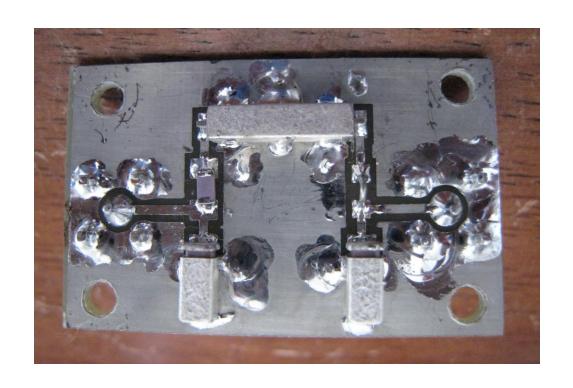
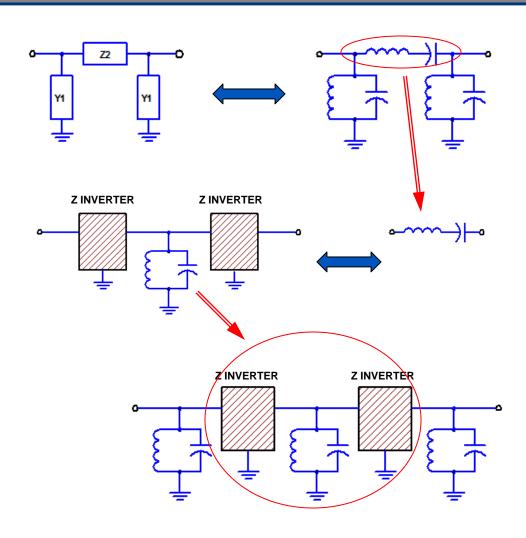
CERAMIC RESONATOR FILTERS



THREE RESONATOR (6th ORDER BP) FILTERS

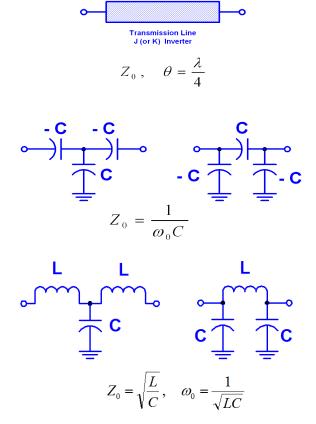
- The canonic BP ladder is alternating series resonators and shunt resonators (6th order shown).
- Impedance inverters can provide series resonator equivalent from parallel resonator
- This Z-inverter approach provides a path to realization of BP filters from only shunt resonators



IMPEDANCE INVERTERS

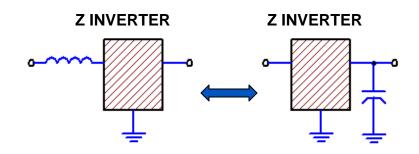
IMPEDANCE (OR ADMITANCE) INVERTERS CAN BE USED TO CONVERT PARALLEL RESONANCE TO A SERIES RESONANCE CHARACTERISTIC.

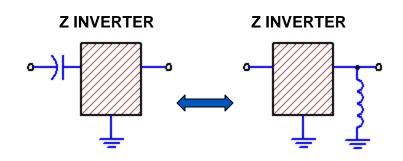
- The canonic impedance inverter is the $\lambda/4$ line.
- LC forms provide moderate bandwidth Z inversion.
- Capacitive T and π sections are for narrow band applications. Negative C is absorbed into resonator (cancels some positive C).



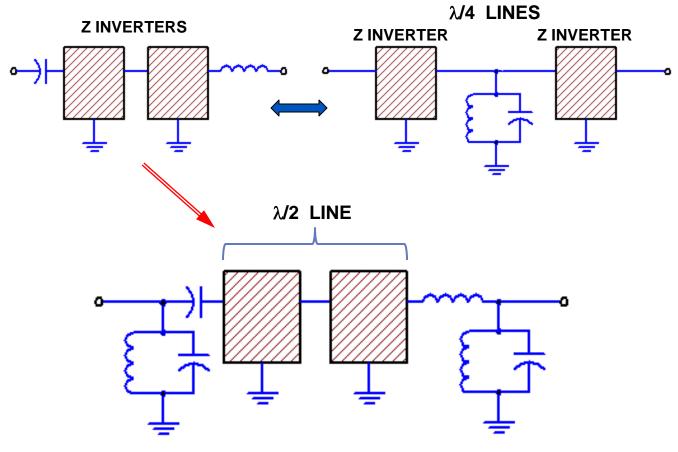
TRANSFORMATION OF SINGLE LOR C

- Impedance inverters transform a series reactance to look like a shunt element of the opposite type.
- A series inductor transforms to a shunt capacitor.
- A series capacitor transforms to a shunt inductor.



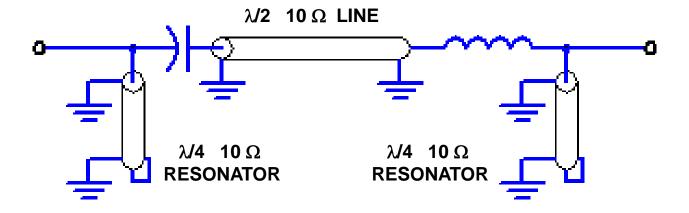


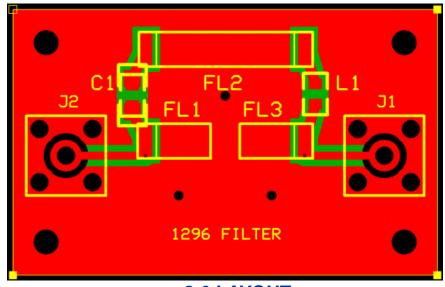
ALTERNATE 6th ORDER BP FILTER FORM



TOPOLOGY USED IN 1296 MHz FILTER

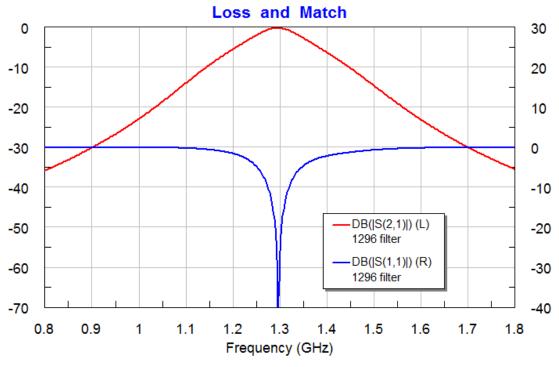
CERAMIC COAXIAL RESONATOR FILTER

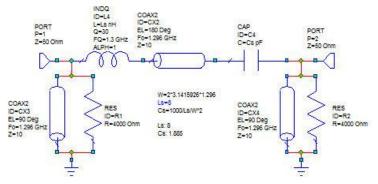


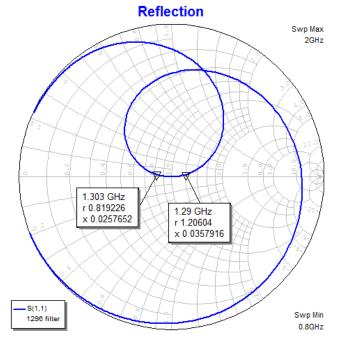


VER 2.0 LAYOUT

1296 MHz FILTER RESPONSE







K5TRA

7